RECEIVED CENTRAL FAX CENTER

OCT 1 4 2005

Law Office of Jay R. Hamilton, PLC. Registered U.S. Patent Attorney J.D., M.B.A., B.S.Ch.E.

Attorney at Law Licensed to Practice in Iowa and Illinois
331 W. 3rd St. NewVentures Center Suite 100 Davenport, IA 52801
Tel (563)441-0207 • Fax (563)823-4637

Website: www.qcpatents.com

Email: jay@qcpatents.com

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:) Calmer, Marion)	Examiner: Torres, Alicia M.
Serial No.: 10/623,322)	1. 101100/ - 1011111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Filed: 07/19/2003	Art Unit: 3671
For: Penetrating Stalk Rolls)	Docket No.: USPA-0018

Certificate of Transmission under 37 CFR 1.8

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the United States Patent and Trademark Office central facsimile number (571) 273-8300 on October 14, 2005.

Signature

<u>Jay R. Hamilton - Registered U.S. Patent Attorney #50,644</u>
Typed or printed name of person signing certificate of transmission.

Note: Each paper must have its own certificate of transmission, or this certificate must identify each submitted paper.

- 1. Transmittal Form
- 2. 2038 Credit Card Payment Form
- 3. Amended response in support of RCE filed on September 8, 2005.

Total Pages Sent by Fax 4 (including this page)

OCT 1 4 2005

and the Barrana Barbara Andrew Andrew	-14005	U.S. Palen	Approved for use through 04/30/2003. OMB 0651-0031 It and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE on of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.
Under the Panelwork Reduction Ac	01 1986 10 02/2011	Application Number	10/623,322
TRANSMITTA	L	Filing Date	07/19/2003
FORM		First Named Inventor	Marion Calmer
(to be used for all correspondence af	ter initial Allng)	Art Unit	3671
		Examiner Name	Torres, Alida M.
Total Number of Pages in This Submit	esten 14	Attorney Docket Number	USPA-0018
ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)			
Fee Transmittal Form		Orawing(s)	After Allowance Communication to a Technology Center (TC)
Fee Attached Amendment/Reply After Final Affidavits/declaration Extension of Time Request Express Abendonment Request Information Disclosure State Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) Response to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application Response to Missing under 37 CFR 1.52 c	(s) Rest Respons Septemb \$375.00.	Pelition Petition Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Addr Terminal Disclaimer Request for Refund CD, Number of CD(s) ts e to Notice requiring excess clain er 8, 2005. Applicant has cancell	Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below): Institute the second of the
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT			
Firmt Law Office of Jay or Individual	R. Hamilton, PLC		
Signature 1			
Date October 14, 2005	7		
CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING			
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissionar for Patents, Washington, DC 20231 on this date:			
Typed or printed Jay R. H.	emilion		
Signature Date October 14, 2005			

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to tild (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete including sathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the including case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, OC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 (1-800-786-9199) and select option 2.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

OCT 1 4 2005

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Calmer, Marion)
Serial No.: 10/623,322) Examiner: Torres, Alicia M.
Filed: 02/28/2003) Art Unit: 3671
For: Penetrating Stalk Rolls))
Dear Ms. Torres:	7 10/17/2005 TLO111 00000034 10623322 01 FC:2202 375.00 OF

Applicant submits this amendment in response to the Office Action dated December 22, 2004. Applicant previously submitted a request for continued examination on September 8, 2005. Subsequent, Applicant received a notice requiring excess claim fees. Applicant has revised the amendment and request for continued examination filed on September 8, 2005. Applicant requests the Examiner review the original claims 1-10 and Claim 20 again in light of Applicant's arguments. Applicant has cancelled claims 11-19. Per the Examiner's direction in the office action, Applicant has also included new claims 21-40 further incorporating the patent specification disclosure.

CLAIMS

Applicant encloses a claim listing as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.121 including previously presented claims 1-20. Typographical and spelling errors in Claims 1-20 as previously presented have been corrected. Claims 21-40 are newly presented.

CLAIM REJECTIONS

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-3, 6 and 7, 9 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Russell (U.S. Pat. #3,304,702) in view of Lundahl (U.S. Patent #5,309,702); claims 4 and 5 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over Russell and

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Lundahl in view of Calmer (U.S. Patent #5,704,202); claims 8 and 10 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Russell and Lundahl, further in view of Sutton.

The Examiner has the burden of making a prima facie case of obviousness. The Examiner has not carried this burden in this case. The Examiner cannot review the prior art and use a combination of elements from non-analogous sources, in a manner that reconstructs the Applicant's invention only with the benefit of hindsight. There must be some reason, suggestion, or motivation found in the prior art whereby a person of ordinary skill in the field of the invention would make the combination. That knowledge can not come from the applicant's invention itself.¹ Furthermore, in attempting to make the prima facie case for obvious under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a), the Examiner has chosen among individual parts of assorted prior art references to reconstruct applicant's invention which is impermissible.² The Examiner in her reliance on the teachings of several prior art references, has not looked at the invention as a whole but only the various pieces or features of the invention. ³

See In re Octiker, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ 2d 1443, 1446 (Fcd. Cir. 1992)

² See Akzo N.V. v. United States Int'l Trade Comm'n, 1 USPQ 2d 1241, 1246 (Fed. Cir. 1986), cert. denied, 482 U.S. 909 (1987) (stating that prior art references before the tribunal must be read as a whole and consideration must be given where the references diverge and teach away from the claimed invention. . . . [m]oreover, appellants cannot pick and choose among individual parts of assorted prior art references "as a mosaic to recreate a facsimile of the claimed invention."

³ See Ex parte Hiyamizu, 10 USPQ 2d 1393, 1394-95 (B.P.A.I. 1988) (hold that under 35 U.S.C. 103 where the examiner has relied on the teachings of several references, the test is whether or not the references viewed individually and collectively would have suggested the claimed invention to the person possessing ordinary skill in the art. It is to be noted, however, that citing references which merely indicate that isolated elements and/or features recited in the claims are known is not a sufficient basis for concluding that the combination of claimed elements would have been obvious. . . . Furthermore, it is well settled that where the claimed invention solves a problem, the discovery of the source of the problem and its solution are considered to be part of the "invention as a whole")